# TUKUWOOL





# Duo Skein Stunner

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YARN

1 skein Tukuwool DK in color Manna, 100 % Finnish wool 250 m / 100 g 1 skein Tukuwool DK in color Syringa, 100 % Finnish wool 250 m / 100 g

SIZE One size. 225 cm / 88 ½ in Height in the middle of the scarf 25 cm / 9 ‰ in

GAUGE 16 sts x 27 rows

NEEDLES 5 mm / US 8 single-pointed or circular needles

NOTIONS 2 stitch markers

This scarf is an easy project for a beginner, or a lovely mini-project for more experienced knitters. The shape of the scarf is achieved by first knitting a triangle, after which length is added by knitting short rows in the German short row technique.

## Abbreviations and techniques

- s, sts stitch, stitches
- **k** knit
- **p** purl
- kfb increase by 1 stitch by knitting both the front and back loops of the stitch
- **pfb** increase by 1 stitch by purling both the front and back loops of the stitch
- mds make a double stitch: with yarn in front of the work, slip the next stitch purlwise to your right needle, then bring yarn over the right needle and take it to the back of the work. Pull the yarn firmly until the stitch that is being pulled looks like two stitches.
- ds double stitch
- pm place marker on right needle
- sm slip marker from left needle to right needle
- RS right side
- WS wrong side
- mlr increase by 1 stitch by making a stitch that leans towards the right: find the yarn "bar" between the stitch you've just knitted and the stitch you're about to knit. Pick it up on the left needle by moving the needle back to front (the left side of the bar is now in front of the needle). Knit through the front loop.
- mll increase by 1 stitch by making a stitch that leans towards the left: find the yarn "bar" between the stitch you've just knitted and the stitch you're about to knit. Pick it up on the left needle by moving the needle front to back (the right side of the bar is now in front of the needle). Knit through the back loop.

#### ABOUT

This scarf is a quick and easy project for a beginner, or a lovely mini-project for more experienced knitters. The shape of the scarf is achieved by first knitting a triangle, after which length is added by knitting short rows in the German short row technique.

The scarf can easily be scaled by making the triangle shape larger in the beginning, as the triangle's high point determines the scarf's height. You can also alter the scarf to your liking by using only garter stitch (as opposed to stockinette which is used in the pattern) or by using a textured stitch.

Remember to knit the increases both on the right side and on the wrong side of the scarf. However, don't worry if you miss one and the number of stitches ends up being uneven when comparing the two sides of the scarf. A difference like this doesn't show at all in the final product, so take it easy and knit away!

#### Garter tab cast-on

Cast on 3 sts in colour Manna (beige). Knit 6 rows of garter stitch. When you finish knitting row 6, do not turn the work. Pick up 3 sts from the left (garter stitch) edge and place them on the right needle, and similarly pick-up 3 more sts from the bottom (cast-on) edge. You now have 9 sts on the needles. Turn the work.

# The centre triangle

First, knit a preparatory row (WS) still using colour Manna: k3, p1, pm, pfb, pm, p1, k3. You now have 10 sts on the needles.

From this point onwards you'll be knitting stripes by alternating colours Manna and Syringa (lavender). Knit rows 1–2 in colour Syringa. Then, switch to colour Manna for the next two rows and again to Syringa for the next two etc. Continue alternating the two colours in this way (every two rows) for the rest of the scarf. Note that you shouldn't cut the yarns when you change the colour—instead, leave the previous colour waiting while you knit with the other.

Row 1 (RS): k2, kfb, knit until next marker, m1r, sm, k2, sm, m1l, knit until you have 3 sts remaining, kfb, k2. You now have 14 sts on the needles. Row 2 (WS): k2, kfb, purl until next marker, sm, p2, sm, purl until you have 3 sts remaining, kfb, k2. You now have 16 sts on the needles.

Repeat rows 1–2 for 26 more times, 13 times in each colour. You now have 172 sts on the needles (85 sts on one side, 2 sts in the middle of the work between the markers and 85 sts on the other side).

In case you wish to make the scarf larger, continue repeating rows 1–2 until your triangle has reached the desired height, and only move on to knitting the wings after.

# **Right wing**

The scarf gets its long and narrow shape from the short rows as well as from the increases, which are worked along the edge of the work. Row 1 (RS): k2, kfb, knit until next marker, m1r, sm, k1, turn the work. Row 2 (WS): mds, sm, purl until you have 3 sts remaining, kfb, k2. Row 3 (RS): k2, kfb, knit until you have 3 sts

remaining before the ds, turn the work. Row 4 (WS): mds, purl until you have 3 sts remaining, kfb, k2.

Repeat rows 3–4 for 40 more times, 20 times in each colour. You now have 257 sts on the needles.

In the next row (RS), always knit the ds as one st: k2, kfb, knit until the next marker, m1r, sm, k1. Note that this row finishes in the middle of the scarf. The right wing is now finished and you'll move on to knitting the left wing. Cut the beige yarn and remember to leave a long tail so that the work doesn't unravel.

## Left wing

Start the left wing in colour Manna (don't cut the lavender yarn). Continue the striping as before, changing colours every 2 rows. Start the first row from the middle of the row where you just left off (RS).

Row 1 (RS): k1, sm, m1l, knit until you have 3 sts remaining, kfb, k2.

Row 2 (WŠ): k2, kfb, purl until next marker, sm, p1, turn the work.

Row 3 (RS): mds, sm, m1l, knit until you have 3 sts remaining, kfb, k2.

Row 4 (WS): k2, kfb, purl until you have 3 sts remaining before the ds, turn the work.

Row 5 (RS): mds, knit until you have 3 sts remaining, kfb, k2.

Row 6 (WS): k2, kfb, purl until you have 3 sts

remaining before the ds, turn the work. Repeat rows 5–6 for 39 more times, 19 times in colour Manna and 20 times in colour Syringa. You now have 345 sts on the needles.

Cut the yarns and remember to leave long tails so that the work doesn't unravel. Move all the sts of the left wing from the right needle to the left needle—this way you're able to start the next row from the middle of the work (between the stitch markers). Knit this row in colour Syringa and always knit the ds as one st: k1, sm, knit until you have 3 sts remaining, kfb, k2.

# Edging

The edging is knit in colour Syringa using garter stitch. You'll work the first row on the WS of the work, starting at the end of the left wing where you just left off.

Row 1 (WS): k2, kfb, knit until you have 3 sts remaining, kfb, k2.

Row 2 (RS): k2, kfb, knit until the next marker, m1r, sm, k2, sm, m1l, knit until you have 3 sts remaining, kfb, k2.

Repeat rows 1–2 one more time and after this repeat row 1 once more. Bind off loosely and cut the yarn.

## Finishing

Weave in the ends and wash the scarf gently using wool wash. Place the scarf on a towel, roll and squeeze excess water out by gently pressing the roll. Open the roll, place the scarf flat to dry and shape gently to achieve a smooth surface.